Bill is introduced in either the House or Senate and assigned a number.

The bill is referred to the appropriate Congressional committee(s).

The committee(s) review, revise and report on the bill.

The bill is placed on one of the four House Calendars.

The bill is brought to the floor, debated and voted upon.

The bill passed by only one chamber.

The bill is sent to the President for approval.

President VETOes the bill and sends it back to Congress with an explanation.

The President does not approve the bill within 10 days & Congress adjourns. (Pocket Veto)

Congress is in session & the President does not sign the bill within 10 days. The bill becomes LAW.

The President signs the bill into LAW.

The bill becomes LAW.

The law is given a public or private law citation & published as a slip law.

The slip laws are collected in a series entitled U.S. Statutes at Large, which is published by the Office of the Federal Register.

The Office of Law Revision Counsel (U.S. House of Representatives) places the law into the appropriate title of the U.S. Code.

END